

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME VII.

MAYSVILLE, KY., TUESDAY, JULY 17, 1888.

NUMBER 203.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO CAL.
SYRUP OF FIGS
In the most agreeable and effective remedy ever produced for the ill arising from a weak or inactive condition of the
KIDNEYS, LIVER, STOMACH & BOWELS,
and is PERFECTLY SAFE in all cases, and therefore THE BEST of Family Remedies.
Manufactured only by the
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
OF
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., LOUISVILLE, KY., NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all druggists.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!
OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED!

L.S.L.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY

Incorporated by the Legislature in 1888, for educational and charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its Grand Extraordinary Drawings take place semi-annually (June and December), and its Single Number Drawings take place on each of the other ten months in the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

Ed. J. Early
Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lottery which may be presented at our counters.
E. M. WALMSLEY, Pres. La. Nat'l Bk.
E. P. LANAU, President State Nat'l Bk.
A. BALDWIN, Pres. N. O. National Bk.
CARL KOHN, Pres. Union Nat'l Bank.

Grand MONTHLY Drawing,
in the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, August 7, 1888.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000.

100,000 tickets at \$20 each; halves, \$10; Quarters, \$5; Tenths, \$2; Twentieths, \$1.

1 PRIZE of \$300,000 is.....\$300,000

1 PRIZE of 100,000 is.....100,000

1 PRIZE of 50,000 is.....50,000

1 PRIZE of 25,000 is.....25,000

2 PRIZES of 10,000 are.....20,000

5 PRIZES of 5,000 are.....25,000

25 PRIZES of 1,000 are.....25,000

100 PRIZES of 500 are.....50,000

200 PRIZES of 300 are.....60,000

500 PRIZES of 100 are.....50,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Prizes of \$500 are.....50,000

100 Prizes of \$300 are.....30,000

100 Prizes of \$200 are.....20,000

TERMINAL PRIZES.

999 Prizes of \$100 are.....99,900

999 Prizes of 100 are.....99,900

3,134 Prizes amounting to.....\$1,054,800

Note.—Tickets drawing capital prizes are not entitled to terminal prizes.

For Club rates, or any further information desired, write legibly to the undersigned, clearly stating your residence, with State, County, Street and number. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an envelope bearing your full address.

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Remember that the presence of General Beauregard and Early, who are in charge of the drawings, is a guarantee of absolute fairness and integrity, that the chances are all equal, and that no one can possibly divine what numbers will draw a Prize.

REMEMBER that Four National Banks guarantee the payment of Prizes, and that all tickets bear the signature of the President of an institution, whose franchise is recognized in the highest Courts; therefore, beware of any imitations or anonymous schemes.

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A BIG TIME AT MARIETTA.

HER SECOND CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION OPENED.

A Grand Street Pageant of Military and Civic Organizations Led by Governor Forsaker Commenced the Regular Exercises—A Number of Speeches Made.

MARIETTA, O., July 16.—The centennial celebration opened Sunday with a great throng of visitors in attendance. The regular exercises began at 8:30 p. m. in the various churches. Bishop Gilmore, of Cleveland, conducted the services at St. Mary's Catholic church. The centennial services in the afternoon were held in the Centennial hall, which was opened for the first time to the public. Governor Forsaker presided.

The vast hall with a seating capacity of 6,000, was filled. The Elgin band played a voluntary, after which the Centennial Ode, words and music by Professor H. S. Saroull, of this city, was rendered with a chorus of one hundred trained voices, accompanied by the Elgin band. Governor Forsaker introduced Bishop Gilmore, who made the address of the afternoon. His subject was "Religion and Civil Government." The evening exercises were held in the same place.

The thunder of heavy artillery from the hill tops about Marietta, and the screaming of several hundred steam whistles this morning announced the dawning of day, the beginning of the regular exercises of the celebration of the centennial anniversary of the origin of civil government in the west. The sound of the salutes seemed to summon this part of the world to life, for the sun had hardly risen before the picturesque river valleys converging at Marietta began to teem with people journeying toward this lovely and historic old city.

The crowds that gathered here early in the morning were entertained by a glittering street pageant, led by Governor Forsaker and staff, with a detachment of United States regulars under Col. Kellogg, U. S. A. The Ohio militia was present, and a large number of civic organizations took part in the parade.

At 11 o'clock the spacious auditorium building was thronged, and the 7,000 or 8,000 people in it heard a pleasant address from Hon. B. Wilson Smith, who represented the state of Indiana.

He was followed by Charles Roemelin, of Cincinnati, who addressed himself to the German citizens.

Judge Cassidy, of the Wisconsin bench, made a brief but powerful speech, pregnant with points, humor and common sense. He was followed by Professor J. D. Butler, of Wisconsin, who was the orator selected by his state at this celebration.

Senator Evarts, of New York, arrived at noon, and was escorted to the temporary residence of Governor Forsaker, whose guest he is.

The object of the centennial at Marietta this week is to celebrate the origin and progress of law and civil government in the states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin, all of which were carved from the Northwest territory. This was the first territory established by the government, and its settlement was duly celebrated at Marietta on the 7th of April last.

The project of establishing the colonies west of the mountains which should serve as a barrier against Indian and foreign aggressions, and at the same time afford scope and employment for the soldiers of the revolution, was fostered by Washington, Hamilton, and more or less actively engaged in by a hundred of the master minds and spirits of those times. Gen. Rufus Putnam, a personal friend of Washington, and Manasseh Cutler were the heroes whose deeds were celebrated at the centennial of the settlement of the Northwest territory in April last.

THE GARFIELD MEMORIAL TOWER.

It Will Probably Be Dedicated Some Time in October.

CLEVELAND, O., July 17.—Since April the number of visitors at the Garfield memorial tower has averaged 160 per day. It is expected that the monument will be ready for dedication some time in October. The contractors say they will be done by October 1. All the material for the interior decorations was shipped from London several weeks ago, and the artisans left England a week ago last Wednesday, and will probably be here to begin setting up the material this week.

The imported material consists largely of African marble for the wainscoting, which will be used in the monument chamber under the windows; also the material for the dome and the windows. The dome above the monument will represent the American flag; the outside windows the original thirteen states; and the windows above the arches will picture a funeral procession in honor of Garfield, while the spaces above the entrance will contain symbolic figures of war and peace. The statue itself will come from the studio of Alexander Doyle, of New York. The carving on the exterior will be completed in three weeks.

Ghastly Work of a Bohemian.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 17.—Saturday morning Joseph Soup, a Bohemian, living in Charleston, caught his wife by the hair and plunged a sharp-pointed file three times into her head. Soup then took up a butcher-knife and began cutting his throat. The knife was dull and he threw it down, took up a pen-knife, walked across the room to a mirror, and stood before the glass while he cut his throat from ear to ear, severing the jugular vein and windpipe. He walked into the yard and fell there dead.

Two Cattle Thieves Captured.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., July 17.—Deputy Marshal Abe Wilson captured at Ozark early Sunday morning two of the notorious Christian county cattle thieves, members of the Uplander gang, which has made cattle stealing a scientific business for the last eighteen months. When finally run down the men surrendered, but refused to make any statement. But eight more of the gang are now at large.

The Advice May Cost His Life.

WAPAKONETA, O., July 17.—Casper Rhine, a prominent citizen, while directing a carpenter how to shingle his residence, slipped off and injured himself internally. He is not expected to live.

WASHINGTON.

The Free Wool Clause to Remain—Carlisle Appoints a Committee.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The house in committee of the whole resumed debate on the tariff as soon as it met. The free wool clause was discussed till 1 p. m. and then by a vote of 98 yeas to 123 nays refused to strike the wool from the free list. Bowden, of Pennsylvania, and Wilkins and Foran, of Ohio, Democrats, voted in the affirmative, and Anderson, of Iowa, Republican, voted in the negative.

October 1st 1888, was subsequently fixed as the date on which the free wool section should go into effect. Discussion of the woolen schedule continued and after a slight change in the carpet and carpeting clauses, the woolen schedule was finished, and January 1, 1889, fixed as the date on which it should go into effect.

Weather Crop Bulletin.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The signal office weather crop bulletin says: Reports from the corn and wheat states of the central valleys of the northwest, indicate that the weather during the past week has been favorable for the growing crops, especially corn, potatoes and grass, which have doubtless been generally improved by recent rains. Reports from Kentucky and Tennessee indicate that the weather during the past week, has generally improved the condition of corn and tobacco.

Staple crops in the southern states have been much improved by the favorable weather during the past week and the late conditions are favorable for cotton in South Carolina, Alabama and Mississippi and for cane and rice in Louisiana.

Rains in the middle Atlantic states during the past week slightly delayed harvest work and has greatly improved the conditions of the growing crops, especially corn and potatoes. In New England the rainfall and temperature were below the normal during the week, and the deficiency in rainfall will doubtless reduce the yield in the hay crop. In Tennessee and Arkansas local storms and heavy rains injured crops in some sections. The harvesting of oats and flax in Kansas, wheat in Illinois and southern Michigan and of hay in southern Minnesota has generally been attended by favorable weather.

Named by Carlisle.

NEW YORK, July 17.—A Washington special to the Journal of Commerce, says: Speaker Carlisle has selected as the committee to investigate the importation of contract laborers, convicts, paupers and other classes of immigrants in violation of law, Messrs. Ford, of Michigan, chairman; Oates, of Alabama; Spinola, of New York; Morrow, of California, and Gueuther, of Wisconsin.

The committee may conduct its investigations at such times and places as it may deem proper, may sit through the recess of congress, send for persons and papers, etc. No limitation is placed upon the amount of the expenditures of the committee. The committee will begin its investigations in New York as soon as it has organized. The first subject to be investigated will be the Italian immigration into New York city. The committee will visit the Pacific coast later to investigate the matter of Chinese immigration.

To Use Electricity.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The interior department is to be lighted by electric light. The plant will cost \$10,000 and will supply 800 lights. It will be in operation by September 1.

Says Fuller is O. K.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Senator Frye says that when the time arrives for action on the nomination of Mr. Fuller to be chief justice of the United States he will be confirmed.

TERRIFIC GAS EXPLOSION

In the City Hall at Detroit—No One Reported Injured.

DETROIT, Mich., July 17.—At 10:15 a. m. the office of the county clerk, in the city hall, where the scene of a terrific gas explosion, completely wrecking the vault and registry room.

The main office and Clerk Lane's private office were not so badly wrecked. There were twenty or more persons in the various offices, but so far as can be learned, no one was injured. A sixteen-inch wall was blown into the corridor leading into the county auditor's office. The men in the offices were thrown about under desks and record cases, but were quickly extricated by people who rushed to the scene.

More than a thousand people were in the building, and the receiver of taxes' office just overhead was crowded with women paying taxes. The shock was very severe there and a panic ensued, the people tumbling madly over each other in their hurry to get down to the main stairway and out of the building. The explosion is supposed to have been caused by escaping gas in the vault in the clerk's office.

Sporting Notes.

The Cincinnati club is now third in the championship race.

Mike Daly knocked out Jim Mack in three rounds at New York Sunday.

Robert Brazel, colored valet of Jockey Barnes, killed Andrew Bond Sunday in a saloon row at Chicago.

Tom Cannon, the wrestler, is in Cincinnati, having just returned from Australia. He is open to wrestle anyone.

A street will be put through the famous New York polo grounds and the hall tossers must find other quarters.

SUNDAY'S BASE BALL.—Cincinnati 12, Cleveland 5; Louisville 5, Athletics 11; Kansas City 4, Brooklyn 5; St. Louis 12; Baltimore 9.

John L. Sullivan is in Boston with his circus. He says he has backing to the extent of \$25,000 for a fight with any man in the world.

Frank McHugh, the bantam fighter of Cincinnati, defeated Sol Robinson in twenty-seven hard-fought rounds at Birmingham, Ala., Sunday night.

PORTLAND, Me., July 17.—The Eastern Yacht club's fleet left here for Bar harbor at 8:30 a. m.

Broke the Record.

CAPE MAY, N. J., July 17.—Malcolm W. Ford, the all-around amateur champion of America, in jumping on the beach Sunday broke the record for three standing broad jumps in barefoot. He cleared thirty-two feet two and one-half inches.

THE C. B. & Q. DYNAMITERS

THEIR TRIAL IN PROGRESS BEFORE COMMISSIONER HOYNE.

The Court Room Crowded With Visitors. Alexander Smith Takes the Stand and Gives Some Damaging Evidence Against Several of the Brotherhood Men.

CHICAGO, July 17.—The sensational developments in the trial of the Burlington dynamiters Saturday, and the expectation of the more startling disclosures, brought a large crowd to Judge Gresham's court room, where Commissioner Hoyne was to hear evidence.

Shortly after 10 o'clock United States District Attorney Ewing called Alexander Smith, the first witness for the railroad company. Mr. David, before Smith was put under examination, moved to have all the testimony given by Bowles and Kelly in the case stricken out, as Bowles was no longer a defendant. Mr. Ewing replied that he thought the evidence should remain on account of the alleged purchases of dynamite by Bowles, as it affected the other defendants, who were cognizant of the purchase, they having provided the money, as he was informed.

Commissioner Hoyne held this point under consideration, but it had a marked and perceptible influence throughout the court, the question bringing on the confession of Bowles to his having purchased dynamite and then procuring his own immunity that the act could be used to the prejudice of those who had been arrested with him.

Kelly was recalled and acknowledged that he had gone by another name, that of Charles Cordell, in 1881, and received letters under that name. This man's testimony, under examination by Attorney Donahue, appeared to so directly impinge on perjury that the prosecution apparently felt somewhat discouraged with him, and he was quickly removed from the stand.

Alexander Smith was the next witness. His home is in Aurora. His occupation a locomotive fireman on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road. He left the road last February when the strike occurred, and has since been supported by the Brotherhood. He knew all men under arrest.

Bowles showed him some dynamite. The first time he had ever seen it in his life. Bowles took him out for a buggy ride on the occasion. Bowles, Smith testified, broke a twig from a tree to perforate a hole in the dynamite cartridge so that he could insert a cap.

Attorneys David and Donahue vigorously protested against the conduct of the United States attorney in putting one of the defendants before the court as an actual witness against the other defendants and in this it is said that they scored a strong point.

"Bowles put the dynamite on the track and after we got about a mile and a half away we heard the dynamite go off. When we got to Aurora I got out of the buggy and he went on. The next day he told me he would leave another cartridge with me and told me to put it on the track but he did not call with me."

"Was it like this?" asked Attorney Ewing, producing a cartridge which startled half the people in the court room.

"Yes," replied the witness, "a package was left for me with Covell, an engineer at Heck's European hotel. I was told by Baurelsin about the 7th of June. I went up to the hotel and got it. It contained dynamite and caps. Baurelsin said to me, 'Go and give them a scare to night.' I told him that I would, and I did it. Covell gave me the cartridge. I took the cartridge that night and went past the depot—just below the depot—and put it on the track near the semaphore. I put one cap in it, came back to Aurora the same way, and fooled around town a little, then went to bed."

"I saw Baurelsin next day, and he asked me if I had done anything. I said I had. Baurelsin then said: 'I thought you had heard some noise.' It was about 9 o'clock at night when I put the dynamite on the track. Broderick and Wilson met me next day and asked me if I had seen Bowles. That was on the morning of the 5th of July. I saw Bowles before I saw them. Bowles said he wanted to get some dynamite. He also told me to find Godding, and I went and found him at Miller's shoe store, on Main street. Godding gave me a letter to his wife, and Mrs. Godding went and got me the package, which contained caps and fuse, which I took out. The box also contained dynamite cartridges."

"I gave the box to Bowles. I went into Jack Short's on Main street, where Baurelsin, Bowles, Wilson, Broderick and others were there having a glass of beer. They came outside and told me to go to Godding's and get what dynamite was there. Godding came along at the time. Godding went up to his house and got out of the same box that I found the fuse and caps in. It contained dynamite. We took the package up to Brotherhood hall. One of them took the package away after we had a talk together, but I don't know which one it was."

After a lengthy and rigorous cross-examination of the witness Smith, by Attorney David, in which he was finally led to say: "I do not know whether I am a witness or defendant in this case"—a confession which created much commotion in the court room, as his cool, deliberate recital of the way in which he placed the dynamite on the track, the court adjourned until 3 p. m.

This admission led United States District Attorney Ewing to ask for a temporary adjournment. He said he did not know what he would call as the next witness.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Gen. William B. Franklin and Mr. Sommerville P. Tuck have respectively qualified as commissioner general and assistant commissioner general to represent the United States at the Paris exposition of 1889 and have established their office at No. 35 Wall street, this city. Notification has been given by the department of state to the governors of the several states and territories that their people may assist in the proper representation of the products of our industries and National resources.

The Phonographs Arrive.

NEW YORK, July 17.—The phonographs of Gladstone's speech and Patti's song, taken in London for Mr. Edison, arrived by mail per steamer Umbria Sunday.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a terse and Spleen Manner.

Sunday's arrivals at Castle Garden 1,168. Cars killed Mrs. Anthony Brogan at Steubenville, O.

John Wilson was drowned while bathing near Fort Recovery, O.

John Leffel, of St. Paris, O., was drowned while bathing in Brush lake.

John M. Regg, freight brakeman, was killed by cars at Indianapolis.

Reserver asked for the McAndrews Sanitary company, Youngstown, O.

At Milldale, Ky., Joe Steward, brakeman, was fatally injured by the cars.

J. V. Charpentier, the absconding New Orleans notary, has gone to Mexico.

Samuel J. Raudall is slowly getting better and stands fair chances of recovery.

Mrs. Rosanna Welch died at Washington, Ind., from the effects of a spider bite.

Henry Lehmann choked to death while eating his dinner at Fort Wayne, Ind.

Fire destroyed Dick Pruckott's grain warehouse, at Fox station, Ind. Loss \$8,000.

Circleville tramps used the park fence for a camp fire, and are clapped in the cooler.

Robert Garrett, ex-president of the Baltimore & Ohio, has returned from Europe.

Hon. A. J. Streeter has formally accepted the Union Labor presidential nomination.

Joseph Soup brutally murdered his wife at Charleston, S. C., then severed his jugular.

George Bancroft, the historian, was severely bruised by a fall at his home, Newport, R. I.

Ten thousand people hear Sam Jones preach at the camp-meeting at High Bridge, Kentucky.

At Massillon, O., the National convention of hollow ware glass workers broke up for another year.

Sam Greaves, blacksmith, of Brazil, Ind., was robbed of \$130 by brazen little Brazilians aged nine.

Eel river at North Manchester, O., is on fire with blazing oil from the wrecked railroad tank cars.

The referee in the divorce case brought by Fanny Davenport made a recommendation in her favor.

General offices of the Sandusky, Ashland & Coshocton railroad will be removed from Ashland to Sandusky.

Joseph P. Steward, a Louisville & Nashville brakeman, was fatally mangled by a train at Milldale, Ky.

A boat containing ten young men capsized at North Point, near Baltimore, and three of them were drowned.

A stone quarry caved in near Portsmouth, O., Saturday, killing Amos Kemcon and seriously injuring Eli Belcher.

Three men and three women were drowned by the capsizing of a boat while crossing the Arkansas river near Fort Smith.

John Humphreys, colored, was taken from jail at Asheville, N. C., and lynched for an outrage on a young white woman.

Affairs of the McAndrews Sanitary company, Youngstown, O., are in an unhealthy condition and a receiver is prayed for.

Yellow fever is reported at Plant City, Fla. The town is almost vacated. The buildings, beddings, etc., will be burned.

At Stannum's lake, near Indianapolis, Ind., George Farand shot and killed William Maples, who attacked him with a fence rail.

Clarke County, Ohio, G. A. R. Posts were resolved into a regiment, and will attend the National encampment at Columbus in a body.

Dead lock on the N. Y., M. & W. railway construction at Findlay, O., because the money is not forthcoming to liquidate the pay roll.

Flint glass workers' convention at Canton, O., has appointed a committee to arbitrate the difficulties between workmen and manufacturers.

R. T. P. Allen, founder of the Kentucky military institute, was drowned in a lake near his home, Kissimmee, Fla. He was seventy-six years old.

P. Hastings, of Wapakoneta, O., notifies the divorce courts that he prefers to hire a cook and dispense with the wife who seasons his food with poison.

A. H. Tucker, hotel proprietor at Danville, Ky., was killed Sunday hr a horse backing off a bridge. Al Smith, of Louisville, was badly injured.

Paul Schell, colored, asks the city of Ripley, O., to shell out \$10,000 for making an official excursion through his house for stolen goods that were not there.

Mass meeting at Ashland, O., denounces the acquittal of James R. and Calvin D. Mason of the murder of W. H. Reynolds, late editor of the Ashland Times.

Fred Wisegarber, convicted at Newcastle, Ind., of assault, proved that he was an inoffensive lamb by pounding the floor with the justice who decided against him.

A. C. Emory, infirm director of Waverly, O., was \$300 short when he left, and the indications are that he will be long coming back. Until then his bondsmen weep.

Resolutions were adopted by Grand Army posts of Wheeling, W. Va., protesting against the wearing by Democrats of a campaign badge in plain imitation of the G. A. R. badge.

The dispatch stating that Cleveland has struck natural gas is not a Washington campaign chestnut but a Buckeye fact. Big gusher will illuminate the Ohio village henceforth.

William Hogue, eighty-eight, of Martin's Ferry, went to bed saying that he wanted to die. In the morning his friends found that the pale horseman had heard his wish and borne him away.

Whitelaw Reid's country house at Ophir farm, near White Plains, N. Y., was burned Saturday. There were fifty-four rooms in the stone "castle," and it was valued at \$500,000; insurance two-thirds.

At La Junta, Col., Saturday, a fierce stranger, with a pistol and a fleet horse, walked up to the unprotected cashier in the bank of La Junta and secured \$8,000. Then he lit out for the mountains and eluded pursuit.

Mrs. Emma Bayley, who fled from Marysville, O., with \$850 stolen money and an unlawful partner, has made a confession that is causing many hitherto reputable citizens to remember pressing business in adjoining states.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 17, 1888.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
GROVER CLEVELAND,
of New York.

For Vice President,
ALLAN G. THURMAN,
of Ohio.

AUGUST ELECTION, 1888.
For Sheriff,
JOHN W. ALEXANDER.

Tariff Reform Not Free Trade.

The Democrats have fought for tariff reform for years, and some of the most noted Republicans believe in it and have advocated it.

Ex-President Arthur said in his last message.

"I recommend an enlargement of the free list so as to include within it the numerous articles which yield inconsiderable revenue, a simplification of the complex and inconsistent schedule of duties upon certain manufactures, particularly those of cotton, iron and steel, and a substantial reduction of the duties upon those articles, and upon sugar, molasses, silk, wool and woolen goods."

In Grant's annual message for 1875, he recommended tariff reduction, and said:

"I would mention those articles which enter into manufactures of all sorts. All duty paid upon such articles goes directly to the cost of the article when manufactured here and must be paid for by the consumer. These duties not only come from the consumers at home, but act as protection to foreign manufacturers in our own and distant markets."

During the last Republican administration, Secretary Folger recommended a reduction of the tariff, saying:

"It seems, therefore, that a reduction should be made in the revenue from the customs. . . . And it is believed that the time has arrived when a reduction of duties on nearly all articles is demanded and is feasible."

Further Secretary Folger, outlining the plan followed in the Mills bill, said:

"A careful revision of the tariff should be made with a view of placing on the free list many articles now paying a duty."

Hon. William McKinley, of Ohio, is the gentleman who wrote the tariff plank of the present Republican platform which declares against any revision at all of the tariff, and on the contrary advocates free whisky and tobacco in order that this burdensome war tariff may be continued. Mr. McKinley didn't always entertain such views. A few years ago he said:

"There are excercises in the present tariff, which should be removed. There are incongruities which should be corrected. The free list might be enlarged without affecting injuriously a single American interest."

Hon. Joseph P. Hawley, the present Republican Senator from Connecticut, in 1882 let the country know how he stood on this question. He said:

"I will vote in any direction to bring about a resolute attempt to give us a revision of the tariff. I say that as representing a protective constituency. I am for resolute, direct, immediate action in the direction of a wise revision of the tariff."

As the Mills bill makes only 7 per cent reduction, and is considered a wise and conservative measure, the country may learn before long whether Mr. Hawley will vote as he has talked. No doubt, however, he has been whipped into line by the R-republican lash.

But there is still more to follow. Senator Sherman the distinguished Republican statesman from Ohio, once said:

"Every advance toward a free exchange of commodities is an advance in civilization; every obstruction to a free exchange is born of the same narrow, despotic spirit which planted castles upon the Rhine to plunder peaceful commerce; every obstruction to commerce is a tax upon consumption, every facility to a free exchange cheapens commodities, increases trade and production and promotes civilization. Nothing is worse than sectionalism within a nation, and nothing is better for the peace of nations than unrestricted freedom of commerce and intercourse with each other."

Judging from the Senator's speech at Cincinnati a few days ago he still entertains the same views as expressed above.

The Tariff Commission authorized by a Republican congress in 1882 represented wool interests, iron interests, and the cotton and sugar interests. It was composed of protectionists, and yet that Commission reported in favor of a reduction of twenty per cent. in the tariff rates—while the Mills bill, at which so many anathemas are hurled, will reduce existing rates only about seven per cent.

This is what the Tariff Commission, appointed by the Republicans, said in speaking of their own report:

"In the mechanical and manufacturing industries, especially those which have been long established, it would seem that the improvements in machinery and processes made within the last twenty years, and the high scale of productivity which has become a characteristic of their establishments, would permit our manufacturers to compete with their foreign rivals under a substantial reduction of existing duties."

A substantial reduction of tariff duties is demanded, not by a mere indiscriminate popular clamor, but by the best conservative opinion of the country, including that which has in former times been most strenuous for the preservation of our national industrial defenses. Such a reduction of the existing tariff the Commission regards not only as a due recognition of public sentiment and a measure of justice to consumers, but one conducive to the general industrial prosperity.

We might continue at great length

quoting Republican arguments and pleas for tariff reform. There has been no revision since the above views were expressed, and the necessity of a just revision is much stronger to-day than ever before. Especially will this be recognized when one looks at the enormous surplus of over \$100,000,000 locked up in the treasury—money that has been wrung from the people by the high tariff, money that ought to be in circulation, where it belongs. And this enormous surplus is still growing larger day by day.

Another thing we wish to call the attention of our readers to, and that is that the cry of "free trade" was never raised against Mr. Arthur; it was never raised against General Grant; it has never been raised against Secretary Folger; it has never been raised against Hon. Wm. McKinley; it has never been raised against Senator Hawley; and it has never been raised against Senator Sherman. Republicans never raved and ranted and held up the bugaboo of free trade when their leaders advocated tariff revision and reform. Now, however, Democrats are denounced as "free traders" as soon as they get into power and attempt to revise the tariff system. They are going to ruin the country, say these Republican demagogues. The Mills bill is a free trade measure, Republicans claim, when it is but a wise and conservative attempt to bring about just what Arthur, Grant, Folger, Hawley, McKinley and Sherman admit is needed for "general industrial prosperity."

We trust nothing more is necessary to expose the utter inconsistency of Republicans on this question and show how basely false is their cry of "free trade," a cry that is gotten up for political effect, to help boost them into power once more. Republicans insult the intelligence of the American people by making such a charge.

Will the voters suffer themselves to be misled? Will they listen to all this clap-trap and flap-doodle the Republicans are resorting to in the desperate condition of their party? Will they be fooled into voting against their own interests?

Democrats are working for cheaper food and clothing for the masses, while Republicans are now advocating "cheap pipes and free whisky."

If tariff reform was not free trade when advocated by the Republican leaders, it is not free trade when advocated by Democrats.

GODDESSES OF THE GALLERY.

Women Who Watch the Proceedings of Congress.—Two Opposite Classes.

Women make up the chief audience at the house. Nearly every day a greater number and variety of hats and bonnets than would stock a fashionable milliner's shop for a spring opening are assembled in the galleries, and a great variety of faces look from under these "studies" in head dress. The very pretty faces, if not as many as the pretty bonnets, are not few. Women are the most constant visitors at the Capitol. A speaker who can clear the galleries of nearly all of the male population is apt to find an appreciative audience in the ladies' gallery. If he is at all good looking his speech is certain of attention in that quarter. However bare the other galleries may be, the ladies' galleries are never empty on any occasion while the house is in session. When a member in any way noted for his gallantry is to speak the seating capacity is apt to be taxed. There are some ladies who are at the Capitol nearly every day, no matter what may be going on. They sit in the front row and watch the proceedings with equal interest, whether it is a roll call or a wrangle. They are always there.

Others come only when something special is going on. There are certain members whom they always come to hear. They never miss a great speech, and are always present when the fate of some especially interesting bill is decided. They are habitual congress goers. There are two strikingly opposite classes. Those of one class are usually old, and are frequently angular and wear glasses. They often carry a pencil and scraps of paper, upon which they sometimes take notes. They are looking for an "intellectual treat," and these bits of paper are to take some home on. Some of them care only for the eloquence that drops from the tongues of the statesmen, taking down to be preserved many of the striking words and expressions. Others are politicians, and get excited over everything that is going on before them. This is not the spring bonnet class, and they haven't patience to listen to roll calls or to sit out a dull day. They are the congressional blue stockings, and when there is nothing "intellectual" in the house or senate, many of them go into the library to commune with old volumes.

The other class wear tailor made suits and display the spring bonnets. They are younger, or look so, and add color and a freshness to the scene. They are much more constant than the others, and appear just as well pleased, whether it is a dull or a lively day. As long as the house is in session and the members are on the floor they find something to interest them. At times some of them are joined by members in the galleries, and then for a while these cease their earnest attentions to the floor. They are the pretty girls; the spring bonnet girls. A bunch of them, in flowers and laces and bright colors, is the flower garden of the great waste of galleries, whereupon the eyes of the members love to rest. There is one corner convenient to the ladies' dressing room where there are mirrors, etc., and they can see to straighten their bangs. Here they sit and look sweet, more interesting than interested. Some of these gallery goddesses carry books in their hands—school books or music books; a big geography or a history. One or two occasionally carry little prayer books and hymnals, such as are carried in the hands in neat little cases to church on Sunday. One beautiful little creature with the face of the Madonna carries a small Bible, which she often reads during roll call, or even during a burst of eloquence from some member who does not interest her.

A Vermont Murder.
BENNINGTON, Vt., July 17.—This morning at 4 o'clock John Gushannon was murdered in his front yard in plain sight of his family. James Gushannon, a nephew of the deceased, John Kernan, James Costigan and George Gavin, had been carousing about the village all night, and called on John Gushannon, asking for drinks. Upon being refused they stoned the house. When two front windows were broken, Gushannon went out, caught his nephew, and was shaking him, when Kernan struck him on the head with his crutch, killing him instantly. Within an hour all four were arrested and placed in jail. George Gavin was not with the men when the last attack was made, but is under arrest. Gushannon leaves a widow and nine children. A post-mortem shows that the blow caused his death.

Assaulted by Footpads.
CINCINNATI, July 17.—About 2 a. m. Theo. Schnitzer, of 12 Noble Court, was attacked by footpads on Vine street hill near Milk street, and was seriously cut in the left arm pit and over the right eye. He managed to escape them and made his way to the office of Dr. Gunkel, where his wounds were examined. The one in the arm pit was pronounced fatal. He was taken to the hospital. His assailants were not apprehended.

Millionaire Fatally Hurt.
LINCOLN, Neb., July 17.—The engine of a passenger train on the Burlington collided with a sleeper on another train about fifteen miles out from this city early Sunday morning. The sleeper was telescoped, and four passengers slightly injured. The porter was so seriously injured that his life is despaired of.

Colonel Lamont's Uncle Dead.
JACKSON, Minn., July 17.—William Lamont, an uncle of Col. D. S. Lamont, President Cleveland's private secretary, was found dead in his bed at the Ashley house on Saturday night. His sudden death was due to heart troubles. He was a widower, aged forty-seven years.

Left a Cool Million.
HARTFORD, Conn., July 17.—Mrs. Judge Sedgwick Church died yesterday, aged eighty-nine years, leaving an estate valued at \$1,000,000. She had no children and made no will. Her late husband, Leonard Church, and his brother Joseph, founded large paper mills in Lee and Lowell, Mass. Henry Sedgwick, of Lenox, is a nephew of Mrs. Church, and Mrs. Orson Wilson, of Newark, N. J., is a niece.

Through a Bridge.
CLARENDON, Tex., July 17.—The north-bound passenger train on the Fort Worth & Denver railway was precipitated through a bridge Sunday night and Engineer William Smith and Fireman James Wilson instantly killed. It is not yet known whether any of the passengers were hurt.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—At a bargain, a base-burner stove, good as new. Apply at GREEN-WOOD'S Paint Store.

FOR SALE.—An entire stock of millinery and fancy goods at a bargain. This is a rare opportunity for some party to secure a good trade already established. Good reason given for selling. Call at this office.

FOUND.

FOUND.—Side curtain of a buggy. Call at this office.

Tutt's Pills

Is an invaluable remedy for
SICK HEADACHE, TORPID LIVER, DYSPEPSIA, PILES, MALARIA, COSTIVENESS, AND ALL BILIOUS DISEASES.
Sold Everywhere.

CAMP MEETING AT RUGGLES' CAMP GROUNDS, August 9th to 20th, '88.

The annual meeting will convene on the above date and continue for ten days. The grounds are in fine condition. A fine, large elstern has been added to water supply. A good meeting is in anticipation. Many eminent preachers will be present, among them Bishop I. W. Joyce, A. L. Banks, D. D., and all other preachers of the district are expected to be present and assist in the meeting.
Rev. T. T. Garrett, of Covington, Ky., will have charge of the children's chapel services. Rev. C. H. Williamson, of Dayton Ky., will have charge of the singing and will be assisted by a splendid choir. Thomas Ruggles will have charge of the hotel. Hambrick & Bro. will have charge of the confectionery, baggage and stable privileges.
There will be conveyances to and from the grounds morning and evening under the control of Barbour & Grey.
Rev. A. Boreling, P. E., will have charge of the services.
Any one too poor to pay entrance fee will be admitted free of charge.
6-1d JOHN WALSH, Sec'y.

A. SORRIES & SON.

GUN AND LOCKSMITHS,

Repair Guns, Pistols, Locks, &c. Special attention paid to repairing Sewing Machines. Office and Shop on East Second street.

NORTHEASTERN KENTUCKY TELEPHONE COMPANY

Has connection with the following places
Maysville, Helena, St. Olivet, Mayslick, Bardia.

Office in Maysville—A. J. McDougle's Book Goods Store East Second street.

ALLAN D. COLE,

LAWYER,

will practice in the courts of Mason and adjoining counties, the Superior Court and Court of Appeals. Special attention given to Collections and to Real Estate. Court street, Maysville, Ky.

OPIUM

and Whiskey Habits cured at home with out pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. R. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 634 Whitehall St.

COME ONE AND ALL, Great Reduction In Summer Goods

Of every description. Beginning Monday morning, you will find bargains in every department. Come and be your own judge.

Henrietta Cloths, worth 75 and 90c, for 40 and 60c; a handsome line of Embroidered Suits, formerly \$6, \$8 and \$10, now reduced to \$2 50, \$3 50 and \$4; a line of the latest styles in French Satines, worth 35c., for 25c;

Big Bargains in Black, Cream and White Lace Flouncings;

fine Dress Ginghams, formerly 20 and 25c., now only 10c. a yard; a lot of Lawns and Batiste cheaper than ever offered; a good 50-cent Corset for 30c.; Ladies' Fine Lisle Vests for 25c., really worth 40c.; I have also a lot of remnants I will close out regardless of cost. You will find on my FIVE CENT COUNTER unheard of bargains—a complete line of Dress Goods only 5c. a yard; White Goods, Lawns, Calicoes and Percals 5c. a yard; Ladies' and Gent's Hosiery only 5c. per pair; Oriental and Val Laces in very pretty patterns for 5c. a yard; good crash for 5c. a yard. Remember our immense line of Carpets. You will find all of the above named bargains at

M. B. MCKRELL'S,

ONE DOOR BELOW POSTOFFICE.

DABNEY MINING COMPANY



PEACOCK COAL

Coal at lowest market rates. All kinds—Semi-Cannel. Peacock, Pomeroy, &c. Your patronage solicited.

Wm. Davis,

Office: Plum St. near Corner of Fourth.

MORE PEACOCK COAL.

Truth Must Prevail!

To Whom It May Concern: This is to certify that T. A. KEITH & Co., and WILLIAM DAVIS, of Maysville, Ky., have secured the exclusive sale of Peacock Coal from the original Peacock Hill, one of the mines of the late Pomeroy Coal Company, and now leased by the Dabney Mining Company, miners and shippers of Peacock Coal. All certificates contrary to the above statement are false and calculated to mislead buyers.

DABNEY MINING COMPANY, Pomeroy, Ohio.
By W. H. OWENS, Secretary.

I, Wm. Davis, do certify that William Wormald did sell and represent the above Coal as genuine Peacock Coal for a number of years.
WILLIAM DAVIS.

We keep all grades of Coal—Semi-Cannel, Peacock, Pomeroy, &c., at the lowest rates. Orders promptly attended to.

T. A. KEITH & CO.,

Office: Sutton St., bet. Second and Third.

ATTENTION, EVERYBODY! While other COAL dealers in Maysville are trying to prove that nobody sells Peacock Coal, buy your Semi-Cannel and Pomeroy COAL

from BRAMEL, CARR & CO., and know that you get what you buy. Office at Carr & Tolle's Mills, Fourth street between Limestone and Plum. BRAMEL, CARR & CO.

TAKE ADVANTAGE AND BUY WHILE

Prices are so low.
1 lb. Good Brown Sugar, only..... 6
40 lb. Best Flour, only..... \$1.00
25 lb. Good Flour..... 50
10 bars Good Soap..... 25
2 Good Brooms..... 25
3 lb. Best Dried Peaches..... 25
1 doz. Self-Sealing Glass Jars..... 1.00
1 doz. Good Glass Jars..... 50
Watermelons always on ice.

L. HILL

CITY OF MAYSVILLE

BONDS.

Sealed proposals will be received by Wm. H. Cox, Chairman of Ways and Means Committee, until July 21, 1888, at 12 o'clock m., for the purchase of \$50,000 City of Maysville, Ky., Bonds, bearing date of August 1st, 1888, and payable in ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen and twenty years respectively, or \$6,000 each year. Said Bonds are of the denomination of \$500 each, and bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually at the Bank of Maysville, City of Maysville, Ky., and are issued by virtue of and under the authority of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Kentucky, approved February 15, 1888, and approved by the City of Maysville and the City Council thereof thereunder, and are exempt from taxation for all city purposes. Said bonds will be sold for not less than par to the highest bidder. The successful bidder will be required to pay the money into the Treasurer's office of said City within ten days after the award is made. Proposals will be in writing, signed by the party bidding, sealed and endorsed "bid for bonds," and addressed to Wm. H. Cox, Chairman Ways and Means Committee, City of Maysville, Ky. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.
WM. H. COX,
Chairman.

ROBERT BISSET,

—PRACTICAL—

PLUMBER

Gas and Steam Fitter.

Orders promptly attended to. No. 28 Second street.

JOHN CRANE, Ornamental Painter.

Graining, Glazing and Paper-hanging. All work neatly and promptly executed. Office and shop, north side of Fourth between Market and Limestone, streets. 21dly

DUTCHER'S FLY KILLER! CERTAIN DEATH.

No hunting with powder and gun as for squirrels, only to stupefy them. No lingering death on the sickening plaster. Seek it, drink it and are killed outright humbly, so quickly they cannot get away. Use it freely. Prevent reproduction, secure serene peace and quiet. Always ask for DUTCHER'S. For sale everywhere. 29d&wim

J. DAUGHERTY,

—Designer and dealer in—

MONUMENTS, TABLETS, headstones, &c. The largest stock of the latest designs. The best material and work ever offered in this section of the state, at reduced prices. Those wanting work in Granite or Marble are invited to call and see for themselves. Second street, Maysville.

SICK HEADACHE AND CONSTIPATION EFFECTUALLY CURED BY Seltzer Aperient.

Sold by Tarrant & Co., N. Y., and Druggists everywhere

LAW CARD.

J. H. SALLEE, Counsellor-at-Law, C. L. SALLEE, Notary Public.

SALLEE & SALLEE,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

will attend to collections and a general law practice in civil cases in Mason and adjoining counties. Fire Insurance and Real Estate Agents. All letters answered promptly. Office: No. 12 Court street, Maysville, Ky.

T. J. CURLEY, Sanitary Plumber

GAS AND STEAM FITTER.

Artistic Chandeliers, Oil Lamps, &c. Second street, above Market, Maysville, Ky.

MISS ANNA FRAZAR'S

NOVELTY STORE!

Dealer in DRY GOODS and NOTIONS. I have always on hand a full supply of School Books, and have just received a large assortment of new Millinery Goods.

JACOB LINN,

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.

Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and delivered to any part of the city. Parties and weddings furnished on short notice. No. 28 Second street.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

TUESDAY EVEN'G, JULY 17, 1888.

INDICATIONS—"Slightly cooler, fair, followed this evening by local rains."

BURNETT'S extracts—Calhoun's.

THE Bandana Club will hold a meeting to-morrow night.

A FULL assortment of fresh groceries at Hancock's, cheap.

BORN, to the wife of Martin King, Jr., Sunday, a daughter.

A LEAP year party will be given at Mayslick Friday night.

Miss IDA ROFF, the talented actress, is visiting relatives at Mayslick.

LEWIS COUNTY Republicans nominated J. C. Willim for Sheriff yesterday.

THE infant daughter of Mr. Wyatt Owens, of Fern Leaf, died last night.

THE Baptist Church at Louisville, of which Rev. Fred Hale is pastor, has over 900 members.

PROGRAMMES of the coming Maysville fair are out and copies can be obtained at the BULLETIN office.

DR. W. H. McGRANAGHAN, of Peoria, Ill., arrived yesterday and is spending a few days here with friends.

ROSENAU BROS., of the "Bee Hive," advertise a terrific cut in prices to clear out their summer stock of goods.

SOME newspaper has discovered a new name for the Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad—the "Ohio and Big Sandy."

W. H. Cox made the first shipment East over the Maysville & Big Sandy Railroad. The item was a box of goods.

THIRTY-EIGHT car-loads of rails for the new road have arrived in the past few days and about forty additional car-loads are expected soon.

REV. J. M. EVANS, of this city, recently closed a revival at Ridgewood, Ky., with sixty-four conversions. He was assisted by Rev. J. W. Hopper.

MISS SARA P. WILKINS, of Hayswood, was elected a member of the Programme Committee of the State Music Teachers' Association at its recent session in Covington.

MR. D. A. GLASCOCK asks the BULLETIN to say that he was not removed as guardian of Margaret L. Burt, (now Bennett), but that he "removed himself"—tendered his resignation.

HOPPER & MURPHY, the jewelers, call special attention to the exceedingly low prices at which they are offering ladies' and gent's gold watches and silver watches. Call and see these goods at 43 Second street.

THE pay-car arrived last evening over the Kentucky Central and passed up over the new road this morning for Ashland. Messrs. H. E. Huntington, Gus Honsbell, Charles Brown and I. G. Rawn were among the railroad officials aboard.

MR. ROBERT M. CARTMELL left yesterday for Dallas, Texas, to engage in business with his brother-in-law, B. F. Wolfe. Polite, clever-hearted and industrious, he has the best wishes of his many friends for success in his new home.

MEMBERS of Limestone Lodge No. 36, K. of P., are notified to meet at Castle Hall this afternoon at 3 o'clock to attend the funeral of Brother Frederick Otto.

C. D. SHEPARD, C. C.

JAMES K. LLOYD, K. of R. and S.

THE bicyclers met last evening and elected the following officers by acclamation:

President—J. T. Kackley.

Vice President—H. C. McDougle.

Secretary and Treasurer—G. S. Judd.

Captain—T. M. Russell.

All members who wish to take a run will report to the Captain.

THE remains of Frederick Otto will be interred this afternoon at 4 o'clock with the honors of Oddfellowship, of which order he was a member. Ringgold Lodge will have charge of the services. Members of the order will meet at hall at 3 o'clock. Funeral services at the family residence on Limestone street at 4 o'clock.

River News.

Falling here and at all points above.

THE towboat James H. McConnell has a huge bandana flag flying from her flag-staff on the present trip from Pittsburg.

THE Pittsburg coal fleet has made things lively on the river the past few days.

THE Joe B. Williams, the largest towboat on the river, passed up Sunday evening. She had to doubletrip past the point at Charleston Bar.

DUE up to-night: Bonanza for Portsmouth, Big Sandy for Pomeroy and Sherry for Pittsburg. Down: Telegraph.

MAYSVILLE'S NEW RAILROAD.

Opened for Traffic Between This City and Ashland Under Favorable Auspices.

The Maysville & Big Sandy Railroad was opened for traffic yesterday between this city and Ashland under favorable auspices.

The first regular passenger train left Ashland at 7:10 a. m.—standard time—and arrived here shortly after eleven o'clock. It left here on return trip about two o'clock, city time. Thomas Wall is the conductor in charge. Frank Loring manipulates the throttle, while J. J. Honan acts as brakeman. S. J. Freeman, formerly of the Adams express office, this city, is the baggage master and express messenger.

Captain Gus Honsbell, the genial-hearted and wide-awake General Agent of the road, and Mr. I. G. Rawn, the Master of Transportation, came down on the train to see how things worked on the initial trip. They express themselves very much gratified at the outlook. Over fifty passengers were aboard when the start from Ashland was made and about three times as much business as they expected was transacted on the down trip. Crowds of people greeted the train at every station, and there was much rejoicing that, at last after years of talk and waiting, a part at least of the Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad was in operation.

General Agent Honsbell reports the track in splendid condition for a new road.

The mixed freight and passenger trains departed and arrived on time yesterday.

The railroad officials have decided that trains shall stop at foot of Market on arriving and departing. At present, trains leave the K. C. depot but back down to Market street before taking their departure for Ashland. On arriving they stop at Market street before going to the K. C. depot. The new depot at the Pearce property in the West End will soon be fitted up and the ticket office moved there, when the trains will leave from that point. But a stop will still be made at foot of Market for passengers when this new arrangement goes into effect. This will be a great convenience to the traveling public, and will be appreciated.

Track-laying was resumed at Dover yesterday, and it is the intention to open the road to Augusta the first of August.

Life Insurance.

Persons taking both large and small policies in life insurance give the preference to the Equitable. A widow at Atlanta recently received from the society \$100,000. Jos. F. BRODRICK, Agent.

Must Leave Orders.

Parties desiring extra copies of the WEEKLY BULLETIN containing Bishop Dudley's address on "Christian Knighthood," delivered before the late convocation of Knights Templar, must leave orders by half past three o'clock this afternoon.

That Rarest of Combinations.

True delicacy of flavor with true efficacy of action has been obtained in the famous California liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs. Its pleasant taste and beneficial effects have rendered it immensely popular. For sale in 50 cent and \$1 bottles.

Chester's Republican Club.

A permanent organization of the Harrison and Morton club of Chester has been effected. Following are the officers:

President—George M. Clinger.

Vice Presidents—H. B. Collins, Henry Walz and H. H. Cox.

Secretary—Fred Williams.

Treasurer—G. N. Harding.

Captain of the Club—G. M. Clinger.

First Lieutenant—Polk Hicks.

Second Lieutenant—Rufus Dryden.

Third Lieutenant—Lewis Harding.

The club now has a membership of 107.

Circuit Court Proceedings.

The grand jury dismissed the charge against John Moore, Wilson Hughes and John Weaver. The trio were accused of stealing tobacco plants in the neighborhood of Springdale.

The suit of Pogue & Thomas against the Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad Company was filed away.

W. T. Highland was fined \$50 and costs for malicious shooting. He is the party who wounded young Florer during the fair last fall.

Hon. E. L. Worthington was appointed to defend Lucy Rice, who was indicted yesterday for the murder of Barbara Ballenger.

In the case against Lucy Rice and Charley Hill, indicted for the murder of Barbara Ballenger, a separate trial was granted, and that of Hill was commenced this morning. The Commonwealth is represented by Messrs. J. H. Salles and C. D. Newell, while Wadsworth & Sons are defending. Miss Rice's trial will follow.

City Items.

Foerster's crackers are the best. Ask your grocer for them, and take no other. The latest styles of wall paper and ceiling decorations, at J. C. Pecor & Co.'s drug and book store.

Personal.

Miss Oton has been the guest of Miss Nellie Wood at Washington for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Hawthorne Hill left last evening to visit his former home in Southern Kentucky.

Miss Lucy Durrett, of Washington, is a guest of Miss Maggie Turney, at the Arlington Hotel, Blue Licks.

Rev. Mr. Valentine and daughters, of Mason, O., are visiting Mrs. D. Hunter, Jr., at her beautiful home near Washington.

The two Misses Robinson, of Burlington, Iowa, are at Washington on a visit to their friend and schoolmate, Miss Nellie Wood.

Miss Kate Daniels, who has been spending several weeks with friends in Covington and other points in the State, arrived home last night.

Miss Mattie Frank McClelland, of Mexico, Mo., and Miss Rebecca Martin, of Millersburg, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Bierbower.

Wm. H. Wilson, son of Professor Josiah Wilson, left this morning for Louisville to resume his position in a large boot and shoe establishment.

The genial and clever-hearted Ed Duncan, junior editor of the Lexington Daily Press, is spending the week in Maysville, the guest of Rev. Russell Cecil and family.

Peacock Coal.

To Whom It May Concern: This is to certify that Mr. William Wornald has secured the exclusive sale for Maysville, Ky., of the genuine Peacock coal, mined from the original and only Peacock mine. All other dealers claiming to sell the same are imposters and misrepresent the truth. Respectfully,
PEACOCK COAL COMPANY.

By Fred Ebersbach, Secretary.

We keep all grades of coal—Youghiogheny, Semi-cannel, Peacock, Pomeroy, &c., at lowest market rates. Orders left at the elevator on Limestone street or at the coal office on corner of Wall and Third streets will receive prompt attention.
WILLIAM WORNALD.

ABERDEEN CLIPPINGS.

Quarterly meeting was held at M. E. Church Saturday and Sunday.

Professor Marks and family left for their Louisville home Monday.

The Aberdeens and Chesters will lock horns some time this week.

We regret to announce that John M. Hill is confined to his room by sickness.

Died, Saturday night, infant child of Dick Travis, colored, of cholera infantum.

Hand-made milk shaken, the best, can always be found at Mat Hartman's confectionery.

The Misses Foster and Lane, of Middleport, arrived Sunday as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Sutton.

The Browns played the Augusta base ball club at Augusta Thursday and were victorious. Score 18 to 11.

The Cincinnati dailies can always be found at the Second street meat shop. Orders left for papers will be promptly attended to.

Why not keep a bottle of the famous "Sun Cholera Cure" in the house and avoid cholera morbus and such like. The drug store prepares it.

Mrs. Harrison Housh, an old and estimable lady, died Saturday evening after a short illness. Buried Monday evening in Charter Oak cemetery.

The Rev. Jackson, of Dover, preached at the Baptist Church Sunday morning and night, and will hereafter preach every third Sunday in each month.

The Misses Wilson entertained a number of their young friends in an elegant manner Thursday night last, when all the delicacies of the season were served.

Joseph H. Hunter, of Washington, D. C., is the man who presented the pension claim of Mark Kirk who received a pension last week. Mr. Hunter is one of the most successful pension attorneys in the country.

Mr. James Case, who died July 16th lacked three days of being ninety-two years old. He was one of the pioneer land marks of this place and had many friends. He was buried last Thursday at the family burying ground a few miles in the country.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

GERMANTOWN.

Winston Walden, of Covington, is the guest of Joseph F. Wallout.

Miss Sallie Woodford, of Bourbon, is visiting—Miss Lillie Belle Myer.

Ebe Thompson and son, Ed, have gone to Boone County to be absent ten days.

The colored people had made extensive preparations for a grand time at the fair grounds on Saturday, but their speakers and brass band failed to come, much to their disappointment.

The Misses Myall, after having a gay and delightful time, have returned to their home at Mayslick, leaving behind them many pleasant memories of their visit and sad regrets at their departure.

Miss Carrie Lawre, an estimable young lady of St. Louis, is a welcome guest at the home of her cousin, Miss Lide Lloyd.

Mrs. Dr. Woodford, of Bourbon County, is visiting relatives in town and vicinity.

Retraction.

I, the Rev. J. F. Moreland, bought of Clark, butcher, at No. 3 Neptune Hall, \$1.75 worth of meat. When I called for it I asked him to charge it to Scott's Chapel, M. E. Ohnrch. I understood him to say that he "lost \$20 on you all last year," and I could not have the meat until I paid for it cash. He now says he said, "I lost \$20 on a camp meeting." If he said this, (and I have no reason to doubt his statement), I gladly retract the statement I made on last Sunday afternoon, and would just say that no business firm need have any fears that we will not pay them every cent we owe them. We are out here to make money to complete our church, and we want our white friends to help us on next Sunday, which is our last, but if we don't make one cent we will pay our debts.

REV. J. F. MORELAND.

Well, Well!

(Norristown Herald.)

A man in Lima, O., descended a forty-foot well to whip another. He got along well in the long well until he reached the bottom of the well, but he didn't feel so well when he got out of the well.

Belva's All Right.

[Toledo Bee.]

Belva Lockwood's head is level. She was in Cincinnati Tuesday, visited the Centennial, and, though she is a candidate for President herself, she is candid enough to tell a reporter that Cleveland has proved a good President, and that he will be re-elected.

RETAIL MARKET.

Coffee, #10	17 3/4
Molasses, new crop, per gal.	35 3/4
Golden Syrup	4
Sorghum, Fancy New	5 1/4
Sugar, yellow #10	5 3/4
Sugar, extra C, #10	8 1/4
Sugar A, #10	7 3/4
Sugar, granulated #10	8
Sugar, powdered, per lb.	10
Sugar, New Orleans, #10	6 1/4
Coal Oil, head light #10	50 1/4
Bacon, breakfast #10	15
Bacon, clear sides, per lb.	10 1/2
Bacon, #10	13 1/4
Bacon, Shoulders, per lb.	9 1/2
Beans #10	40
Butter, #10	15 1/2
Chickens, each	25 1/2
Eggs, #10	15
Flour, Limestone, per barrel	5 75
Flour, Old Gold, per barrel	5 75
Flour, Maysville Fancy, per barrel	5 10
Flour, Mason County per barrel	5 10
Flour, Royal Patent, per barrel	5 25
Flour, Maysville Family, per barrel	15 3/4
Flour, Graham, per sack	20
Honey, per lb.	20
Hominy, #10	20
Meal #10	20
Lard, #10	9 1/2
Onions, per peck	65
Potatoes #10 per peck	40 1/2
Apples, per peck	50 1/2

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 Wall St., New York.

JOB PRINTING of every description neatly executed at the BULLETIN OFFICE.

—A. HONAN'S— SLAUGHTER SALE.

SHORT PROFITS WILL MAKE THEM GO.

We are prepared for you now. Our slaughter sale so reduced our stock that we could not supply some of our customers' wants this week, but we have replenished, and are in shape now to suit you all, and for thirty days longer we will continue to offer, for CASH, unheard-of bargains in clean, fresh, Summer

Shoes and Slippers

Will offer, Saturday, Ladies' Kid Button at \$1.20, worth \$1.65; Misses' Kid Button at 1.15, worth 1.75; Men's Calf Hand Welt Congress Button and Bals at 4.50, worth 6 00. Our stock of Ladies' French and Dongola Kid Turnes is complete, and we will give you lower prices on this line than you have ever heard named.

A. HONAN.



McClanahan & Shea

—DEALERS IN—

STOVES,

MANTELS, GRATES, TINWARE.

Tin Roofing, Guttering, Spouting and Job Work of all kinds executed in the best manner by practical mechanics.

COOPER'S OLD STAND, Second Street.

FOR ALL KINDS OF
MACHINE OILS AND PURE DRUGS;
GO TO CHENOWETH'S DRUG STORE.

NOTE THE BARGAINS

—IN—

HOT WEATHER DRY GOODS.

FANS—Palm Fans at 1c., six for 5c.; a beautiful line of Japanese Fans from 5c. to 25c.; Thread Gloves at 10c., worth 25c.; Taffeta Silk Gloves at 25c., worth 40c.; Fancy Parasols reduced from \$2.50 to \$1.50; Lace Parasols reduced from \$5 to \$3; the best and cheapest line of Silk Sun Umbrellas in the city—prices from \$1.75 to \$5; Dress Gingham at 7 1/2c.; Batiste at 7 1/2c.; Plaid and Plain India Linen at 10c.; for 5c. we are showing a beautiful line of Lawns—nothing like them for the money in the city; fifty pieces best Prints, light and medium styles, only 5c.; Cottonade, good quality, at 12 1/2c.; a splendid yard-wide Unbleached Muslin at 5c.

BROWNING & CO.,

NO. 3 EAST SECOND STREET.

DISSENTIENT LIBERALS.

ONE OF THEIR NUMBER SAYS THEY ARE DOOMED.

The Mysterious Disappearance of Important Papers Result in a Guard Being Placed Over Empress Victoria—Another Zulu War Probable—Foreign Notes.

LONDON, July 17.—"We are a doomed party," said one of the dissentient Liberals in a recent interview. His views is that the by-elections have shown that there is no permanent place for a fourth party. His party, he thinks, will fall surely, and work into one or other of the larger bodies, according to such National affinity as the members may possess for Conservatism or its opposite.

With reference to the position of the government there are many changes in the prospect, but these are not in any case mature. Politicians are forming their own conclusions from Lord Randolph Churchill's attitude with regard to the debate last week. The report that Mr. Goschen will lead the house obtains no confirmation. Mr. Goschen is not a Liberal, but he cannot make up his mind to plunge into Toryism, and he is enrolled in the books of the Carlton club as a Tory. His friends urge that he has given the government the solitary success of the session. He would lead, however, upon one of two conditions, either that he acknowledge himself a Tory or is prepared to bring over as recruits the main body of the dissentient Liberals. As he now sits, Mr. Goschen is a bulwark to the position of Mr. Smith.

That Mr. Balfour will meet the house next year in the position of chief secretary for Ireland is very improbable. His policy in Ireland has been, in some manner, rather modified since it was criticised by Sir Michael Hicks-Beach. The Tories consider that Mr. Balfour has done them good service, but many of them doubt if this is the policy for the future, and undoubtedly a change will be made in the cabinet in this respect. The statement that Lord Randolph Churchill has "applied" for Mr. Balfour's present office is of course absurd. But it is a fact that the former believes that with a change of policy he could hold it with success. Lord Salisbury, however, is very much afraid of being "educated" in Irish policy, as Lord Derby was in parliamentary reform. There are plenty of predictions concerning cabinet changes, and it will be an interesting matter to observe how many of them are fulfilled.

Empress Victoria Under Guard.

NEW YORK, July 17.—A London special to the World says: A Berlin correspondent throws some light upon the story that the Empress Victoria is virtually a prisoner. Although she is not under lock and key, she is so surrounded by officials and soldiers of the court as to not be free. It appears that certain state papers have disappeared. They are reports sent in from St. Petersburg, Vienna and London by the German military attaches there, and these papers were at Friedrichskron on the evening of the emperor's death. They disappeared, however, the next day.

Besides this a certain political testament of Emperor Frederick has been sent to London, and its return is especially desired. All attempts to recover these papers thus far have been made in vain. Emperor William has sent in turn all of his ministers to his mother for information concerning these papers, but none of them have been received, with the exception of Herr Friedberg, minister of justice, and a friend of the late emperor. He was received, but obtained no information. It was following his failure that the access to the empress was strictly guarded and has been so since.

Prince Radolin has been asked to make the last attempt, and in the event of a final failure it is said that a formal judicial process will be brought against the dowager empress to secure the return of the papers.

Prince Bismarck has certain plans to carry out. It is known that Emperor Frederick's political testament crosses this, and its publication might check his course. He would not care to be placed before the public in the light of encouraging the son to go directly in opposition to his father's wishes. Hence his anxiety to gain control of these papers and the scandalous course toward the dowager empress.

William Off for Russia.

LONDON, July 17.—Sunday morning the fleet of six iron-clads, with torpedo boats, headed by the royal yacht Hohenzollern, was sighted off Dornholm on its way to Russia. This visit of William to the czar, in what would appear to be unceremonious haste after his father's death, simply indicates the urgency of the reasons for making the visit. Among diplomats it is suspected that William will make a proposition to the czar with a view to preclude all prospect of alliance between Russia and France. It is thought that he will propose to the czar the confirmation of Ferdinand as prince of Bulgaria, with a Russian general for his prime minister. This, it is assumed, will restore the statu quo in Bulgaria, and to this it is assumed that Austria may accede on the assumption that such a ministry would be too much hampered by the Nationalist majority to be able effectively to Russianize the principality. The haste is supposed to be in anticipation of demands about to be made by Russia.

War Imminent in Zululand

LONDON, July 17.—The trouble in Zululand is looming up, and in government circles it is believed that the complications will end in severe fighting. War correspondents connected with many of the London dailies are already making preparations to depart to the probable scene of the conflict.

Foreign Notes.

The Tibetans have resumed their advance with a strong force through the Jelep pass. Dispatches from Natal state that Sir John Henry Brand, president of the Orange free state, is dead.

Gen. Boulanger is recovering rapidly. His friends expect that he will be able to resume work within ten days.

The pope's encyclical confirming his decree against the plan of campaign and boycotting was read in all the churches of the diocese of Dublin Sunday.

Queen Natalie has sent to the Serbian premier, a letter, in which she says: "I now insist upon being told of what crime I have been guilty. I have no reason to be afraid of the fullest light being thrown upon both my political and private life."

The Dowager Empress Victoria has requested Dr. Mackenzie to prepare for her a true history of Emperor Frederick's illness in order to correct the assertion of German doctors. It is unknown whether or not the empress will publish the report.

THEY DISAGREED POLITICALLY.

Robert Hartpence Fatally Shoots William Dunn at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 17.—What is likely to prove the first murder of the campaign, the trouble originating in a political dispute, came Sunday evening, the victim being William Dunn. About 7 o'clock Frank Earnshaw, Jacob Broderick, Robert Hartpence and an unknown man were standing on South street, near Pogue's run, and Dunn came walking by. They are Republicans, Dunn is a Democrat. According to their story Dunn began abusing Harrison, and Earnshaw protested that it was Sunday and he didn't want to talk politics. This angered Dunn, who told Earnshaw that he could lick him or any man in the crowd, to which Hartpence replied: "Can you, you—," accompanying the same with an irritating clearing of his throat, as if expressing contempt.

Then Dunn struck him and was about to repeat the blow when Hartpence leveled a revolver and pulled the trigger, the shot striking Dunn in the forehead and penetrating the brain. Hartpence then ran and was pursued by citizens, who fired several shots, and finally compelled him to halt. Dunn was removed to the hospital unconscious, and his death is hourly expected.

Owing to this insensible condition his version could not be given, and there were no witnesses save those named. Hartpence is a car inspector for the Indianapolis, Bloomington & Western, holding the position for several years, and this is his first offense since residing here. His former home is unknown, he refusing to talk of his antecedents, save to say he is the only black sheep of his family. Concerning the shooting, he professes not to know how it happened, and he talks incoherently whenever the subject is broached. He had been dissipating, and so had Dunn. The latter is aged thirty-five, and is a man of family. The weapon used was a Colt's revolver, which Hartpence was brewed enough to throw away as he ran.

A Balloonist's Close Call.

CINCINNATI, July 17.—Sam Young, the aeronaut, had a narrow escape from death at Coney Island Sunday. He intended to make a balloon ascension to the height of 6,000 feet. It was 7 in the evening before he got off. Owing to the heavy current of air the balloon only rose 1,100 feet when it began to fall. Young cut loose and descended with the parachute. This had not time to fill out and check his descent. He dropped into the river with great violence, and narrowly escaped drowning. Five thousand people witnessed the thrilling sight.

Express Train Wrecked.

WINNEBAGO, Nev. July 17.—Express Train No. 3 was wrecked about daylight Sunday morning, thirty-three miles west of here, by a broken rail. The engine passed over safely, but the fruit, baggage and the United States fish commissioners' cars were badly wrecked. All the sleepers were thrown off the track but no passengers were hurt.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Markets for July 16.

NEW YORK.—Money 1½ per cent. Exchange steady. Government steady.

Currency notes, 119 bid; four coupons, 127½ bid; four-and-a-half, 107½ bid. The stock market was strong and active during the first half hour of the business day. Prices advanced ½ to ¾ per cent, but toward 11 o'clock there was considerable pressure to sell, under which the early advance was lost, and at noon prices were ¼ to ½ per cent. lower than on Saturday. The market has since been dull.

Bur. & Quincy... 115¼ Michigan Cent... 80¼
Central Pacific... 30¾ Missouri Pacific... 37
C. C. & I. 104½ N. Y. Central... 104
Del. & Hudson... 112½ Northwestern... 110
Del. Lack. & W. 113¾ Ohio & Miss... 19¾
Illinois Central... 116¾ Pacific Mail... 35¼
Lake Shore... 124 St. Paul... 70¾
Louisville & Nash... 58½ Western Union... 70

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—New red, 90¢; old, 85¢; No. 2 red, new, 85¢.

CORN—No. 3, mixed, 50¢; No. 2, mixed, 50½¢.

WOOL—Unwashed fine merino, 17¢; one-fourth blood combing, 20¢; medium delaine and combing, 21¢; 2½¢; brad, 18¢; medium combing, 21¢; fleece washed, fine merino, 2 and 2½¢; medium clothing, 20½¢; delaine fleece, 20¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$16 50; No. 2, \$15 00; No. 3, \$14 00; No. 4, \$13 00; No. 5, \$12 00; No. 6, \$11 00; No. 7, \$10 00; No. 8, \$9 00; No. 9, \$8 00; No. 10, \$7 00; No. 11, \$6 00; No. 12, \$5 00; No. 13, \$4 00; No. 14, \$3 00; No. 15, \$2 00; No. 16, \$1 00; No. 17, \$0 00; No. 18, \$0 00; No. 19, \$0 00; No. 20, \$0 00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, \$4 25; 4 to 6; fair, \$3 15; 6 to 8; common, \$2 00; 8 to 10; stockers and feeders, \$2 25; 10 to 12; calves, \$2 00; 12 to 14; lambs, \$3 50; 14 to 16; good to choice \$4 50; 16 to 18; fair to good light, \$3 50; 18 to 20; common, \$2 50; 20 to 22; culled, \$2 00; 22 to 24; LAMBS—\$3 50; 24 to 26; good to choice \$4 50; 26 to 28; fair to good light, \$3 50; 28 to 30; common, \$2 50; 30 to 32; culled, \$2 00; 32 to 34; LAMBS—\$3 50; 34 to 36; good to choice \$4 50; 36 to 38; fair to good light, \$3 50; 38 to 40; common, \$2 50; 40 to 42; culled, \$2 00; 42 to 44; LAMBS—\$3 50; 44 to 46; good to choice \$4 50; 46 to 48; fair to good light, \$3 50; 48 to 50; common, \$2 50; 50 to 52; culled, \$2 00; 52 to 54; LAMBS—\$3 50; 54 to 56; good to choice \$4 50; 56 to 58; fair to good light, \$3 50; 58 to 60; common, \$2 50; 60 to 62; culled, \$2 00; 62 to 64; LAMBS—\$3 50; 64 to 66; good to choice \$4 50; 66 to 68; fair to good light, \$3 50; 68 to 70; common, \$2 50; 70 to 72; culled, \$2 00; 72 to 74; LAMBS—\$3 50; 74 to 76; good to choice \$4 50; 76 to 78; fair to good light, \$3 50; 78 to 80; common, \$2 50; 80 to 82; culled, \$2 00; 82 to 84; LAMBS—\$3 50; 84 to 86; good to choice \$4 50; 86 to 88; fair to good light, \$3 50; 88 to 90; common, \$2 50; 90 to 92; culled, \$2 00; 92 to 94; LAMBS—\$3 50; 94 to 96; good to choice \$4 50; 96 to 98; fair to good light, \$3 50; 98 to 100; common, \$2 50; 100 to 102; culled, \$2 00; 102 to 104; LAMBS—\$3 50; 104 to 106; good to choice \$4 50; 106 to 108; fair to good light, \$3 50; 108 to 110; common, \$2 50; 110 to 112; culled, \$2 00; 112 to 114; LAMBS—\$3 50; 114 to 116; good to choice \$4 50; 116 to 118; fair to good light, \$3 50; 118 to 120; common, \$2 50; 120 to 122; culled, \$2 00; 122 to 124; LAMBS—\$3 50; 124 to 126; good to choice \$4 50; 126 to 128; fair to good light, \$3 50; 128 to 130; common, \$2 50; 130 to 132; culled, \$2 00; 132 to 134; LAMBS—\$3 50; 134 to 136; good to choice \$4 50; 136 to 138; fair to good light, \$3 50; 138 to 140; common, \$2 50; 140 to 142; culled, \$2 00; 142 to 144; LAMBS—\$3 50; 144 to 146; good to choice \$4 50; 146 to 148; fair to good light, \$3 50; 148 to 150; common, \$2 50; 150 to 152; culled, \$2 00; 152 to 154; LAMBS—\$3 50; 154 to 156; good to choice \$4 50; 156 to 158; fair to good light, \$3 50; 158 to 160; common, \$2 50; 160 to 162; culled, \$2 00; 162 to 164; LAMBS—\$3 50; 164 to 166; good to choice \$4 50; 166 to 168; fair to good light, \$3 50; 168 to 170; common, \$2 50; 170 to 172; culled, \$2 00; 172 to 174; LAMBS—\$3 50; 174 to 176; good to choice \$4 50; 176 to 178; fair to good light, \$3 50; 178 to 180; common, \$2 50; 180 to 182; culled, \$2 00; 182 to 184; LAMBS—\$3 50; 184 to 186; good to choice \$4 50; 186 to 188; fair to good light, \$3 50; 188 to 190; common, \$2 50; 190 to 192; culled, \$2 00; 192 to 194; LAMBS—\$3 50; 194 to 196; good to choice \$4 50; 196 to 198; fair to good light, \$3 50; 198 to 200; common, \$2 50; 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586 to 588; fair to good light, \$3 50; 588 to 590; common, \$2 50; 590 to 592; culled, \$2 00; 592 to 594; LAMBS—\$3 50; 594 to 596; good to choice \$4 50; 596 to 598; fair to good light, \$3 50; 598 to 600; common, \$2 50; 600 to 602; culled, \$2 00; 602 to 604; LAMBS—\$3 50; 604 to 606; good to choice \$4 50; 606 to 608; fair to good light, \$3 50; 608 to 610; common, \$2 50; 610 to 612; culled, \$2 00; 612 to 614; LAMBS—\$3 50; 614 to 616; good to choice \$4 50; 616 to 618; fair to good light, \$3 50; 618 to 620; common, \$2 50; 620 to 622; culled, \$2 00; 622 to 624; LAMBS—\$3 50; 624 to 626; good to choice \$4 50; 626 to 628; fair to good light, \$3 50; 628 to 630; common, \$2 50; 630 to 632; culled, \$2 00; 632 to 634; LAMBS—\$3 50; 634 to 636; good to choice \$4 50; 636 to 638; fair to good light, \$3 50; 638 to 640; common, \$2 50; 640 to 642; culled, \$2 00; 642 to 644; LAMBS—\$3 50; 644 to 646; good to choice \$4 50; 646 to 648; fair to good light, \$3 50; 648 to 650; common, \$2 50; 650 to 652; culled, \$2 00; 652 to 654; LAMBS—\$3 50; 654 to 656; good to choice \$4 50; 656 to 658; fair to good light, \$3 50; 658 to 660; common, \$2 50; 660 to 662; culled, \$2 00; 662 to 664; LAMBS—\$3 50; 664 to 666; good to choice \$4 50; 666 to 668; fair to good light, \$3 50; 668 to 670; common, \$2 50; 670 to 672; culled, \$2 00; 672 to 674; LAMBS—\$3 50; 674 to 676; good to choice \$4 50; 676 to 678; fair to good light, \$3 50; 678 to 680; common, \$2 50; 680 to 682; culled, \$2 00; 682 to 684; LAMBS—\$3 50; 684 to 686; good to choice \$4 50; 686 to 688; fair to good light, \$3 50; 688 to 690; common, \$2 50; 690 to 692; culled, \$2 00; 692 to 694; LAMBS—\$3 50; 694 to 696; good to choice \$4 50; 696 to 698; fair to good light, \$3 50; 698 to 700; common, \$2 50; 700 to 702; culled, \$2 00; 702 to 704; LAMBS—\$3 50; 704 to 706; good to choice \$4 50; 706 to 708; fair to good light, \$3 50; 708 to 710; common, \$2 50; 710 to 712; culled, \$2 00; 712 to 714; LAMBS—\$3 50; 714 to 716; good to choice \$4 50; 716 to 718; fair to good light, \$3 50; 718 to 720; common, \$2 50; 720 to 722; culled, \$2 00; 722 to 724; LAMBS—\$3 50; 724 to 726; good to choice \$4 50; 726 to 728; fair to good light, \$3 50; 728 to 730; common, \$2 50; 730 to 732; culled, \$2 00; 732 to 734; LAMBS—\$3 50; 734 to 736; good to choice \$4 50; 736 to 738; fair to good light, \$3 50; 738 to 740; common, \$2 50; 740 to 742; culled, \$2 00; 742 to 744; LAMBS—\$3 50; 744 to 746; good to choice \$4 50; 746 to 748; fair to good light, \$3 50; 748 to 750; common, \$2 50; 750 to 752; culled, \$2 00; 752 to 754; LAMBS—\$3 50; 754 to 756; good to choice \$4 50; 756 to 758; fair to good light, \$3 50; 758 to 760; common, \$2 50; 760 to 762; culled, \$2 00; 762 to 764; LAMBS—\$3 50; 764 to 766; good to choice \$4 50; 766 to 768; fair to good light, \$3 50; 768 to 770; common, \$2 50; 770 to 772; culled, \$2 00; 772 to 774; LAMBS—\$3 50; 774 to 776; good to choice \$4 50; 776 to 778; fair to good light, \$3 50; 778 to 780; common, \$2 50; 780 to 782; culled, \$2 00; 782 to 784; LAMBS—\$3 50; 784 to 786; good to choice \$4 50; 786 to 788; fair to good light, \$3 50; 788 to 790; common, \$2 50; 790 to 792; culled, \$2 00; 792 to 794; LAMBS—\$3 50; 794 to 796; good to choice \$4 50; 796 to 798; fair to good light, \$3 50; 798 to 800; common, \$2 50; 800 to 802; culled, \$2 00; 802 to 804; LAMBS—\$3 50; 804 to 806; good to choice \$4 50; 806 to 808; fair to good light, \$3 50; 808 to 810; common, \$2 50; 810 to 812; culled, \$2 00; 812 to 814; LAMBS—\$3 50; 814 to 816; good to choice \$4 50; 816 to 818; fair to good light, \$3 50; 818 to 820; common, \$2 50; 820 to 822; culled, \$2 00; 822 to 824; LAMBS—\$3 50; 824 to 826; good to choice \$4 50; 826 to 828; fair to good light, \$3 50; 828 to 830; common, \$2 50; 830 to 832; culled, \$2 00; 832 to 834; LAMBS—\$3 50; 834 to 836; good to choice \$4 50; 836 to 838; fair to good light, \$3 50; 838 to 840; common, \$2 50; 840 to 842; culled, \$2 00; 842 to 844; LAMBS—\$3 50; 844 to 846; good to choice \$4 50; 846 to 848; fair to good light, \$3 50; 848 to 850; common, \$2 50; 850 to 852; culled, \$2 00; 852 to 854; LAMBS—\$3 50; 854 to 856; good to choice \$4 50; 856 to 858; fair to good light, \$3 50; 858 to 86